



The Rookeries Year 1: Home Learning Schedule

W/C 13 th July	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Maths	Lesson 1: Arrays	Lesson 2: Doubles	Lesson 3: Sharing	Lesson 4: Grouping	Lesson 5: Consolidation
Suggested timing: 45 mins per lesson	Learn how to make arrays and	Learn how to double an	Learn how to make equal	Learn how to make equal	Learn how to make
This week we will be focussing upon: Multiplication and Division This week we have provided a 'pre-teach' maths video to further support your child in their learning. This will be incredibly useful to view before commencing the first	count columns and rows of objects by clicking on the link here. This lesson includes a video produced by White Rose Maths Hub and a worksheet is attached to this pack.	amount or number by clicking on the link <u>here</u> . This lesson includes a video produced by White Rose Maths Hub and a worksheet is attached to this pack.	groups by sharing an amount of objects by clicking on the link here. This lesson includes a video produced by White Rose Maths Hub and a worksheet is attached to this pack.	groups by grouping and matching objects by clicking on the link here. This lesson includes a video produced by White Rose Maths Hub and a worksheet is attached to this pack.	connections with multiplication (groups of) and division (putting into groups) by clicking on the link here. This lesson includes a video produced by BBC Bitesize and a worksheet is attached to this pack.
lesson. Click <u>here</u> .		Answers (can be found at the back of	this pack.	

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Remember to log in to TTRockstars each week to practise your times tables.





Remember to share your learning on Class Dojo!

Take a photo of your work and upload it to the Portfolio section for your teacher to see.



English

Suggested timing: 45 mins per lesson

This week our text type is a: Rhyming Poem

As above, this week we have provided a 'pre-teach' English video to further support your child in their learning. Both videos have been created by Pontefract Academies Trust staff. Click here.

Lesson 1: The Magic Wand — listen and comprehend

In this lesson you will be listening to a rhyming poem called 'The Magic Wand' and answering questions about it.

Click here.

Lesson 2: Identifying rhyming words

In this lesson you will identify and write rhyming words.

Click here.

Lesson 3: Identifying onomatopoeia

In this lesson you will learn what onomatopoeia means and identify words which are onomatopoeic. You will then write these in sentences.

Click here.

Lesson 4: Planning our poem

In this lesson you will plan your rhyming poem and which onomatopoeic words you will use. Click <u>here</u>.

Lesson 5: Writing our poem

In this lesson you will use your plan to write a rhyming poem with onomatopoeia. Click here.



Weekly Phonics: ir er ur

Weekly spellings: fur teacher nurse first faster bird into some



Having any problems with the tasks? Feel free to pop any questions or issues onto our class Padlet here!



Don't forget to join us every afternoon, Monday to Friday, at 1pm. Click here to take part in a live discussion on Microsoft Teams about the day's learning alongside your classmates and teacher.







Maths

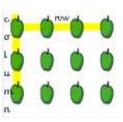
These useful reminders will help you with your maths this week.



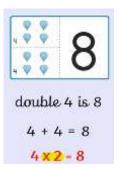
1. When dividing, all groups must be equal (the same amount in each).



2. Arrays are made by arranging a set of objects into rows and columns. Each column must contain the same number of objects as the other columns. The rows must contain the same number of objects as the other rows.



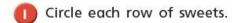
3. To double a number or quantity we add the same number. We can also double by multiplying a number by 2.







Make arrays





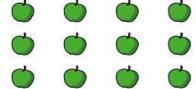




How many rows are there?

There are rows.

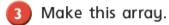
Circle each column of apples.



How many columns are there?

There are columns.









Complete the sentences.

a) There	e are	counters	in	each	row
-					

There are rows.

There are counters altogether.

b) There are counters in each column.

There are columns.

There are counters altogether.

Make your own array.

How many rows are there?

How many columns are there?





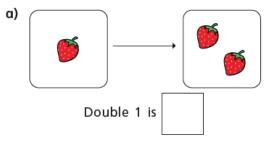


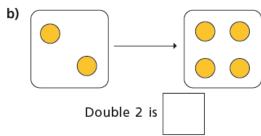


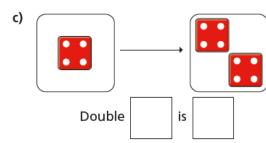
Make doubles

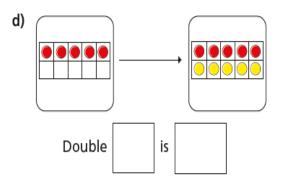
Complete the sentences.

Use the pictures to help you.









Match the doubles to the additions.

Double 3	6 + 6
Double 6	7 + 7
Double 10	3 + 3
Double 7	10 + 10

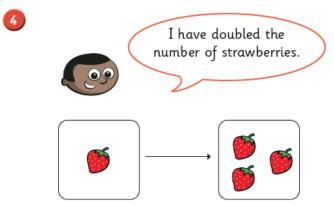
Fill in the gaps.

a)	Double	15	is	

b) Double 11 is

c)	Double	12 is	
d)	Double	20 is	





Do you agree with Mo?_____

Talk about it with a partner.

O White Rose Maths







Make equal groups – sharing











- a) Draw lines to share the sweets equally.
- b) How many sweets does each child get?

Each child gets sweets.

8 sweets shared equally between 2 is



Five children share some grapes.









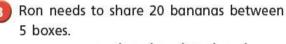






b) How many grapes does each child get? Each child gets grapes.

10 grapes shared equally between 5 is

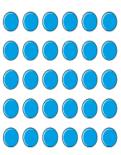




How many bananas will there be in each box?

20 bananas shared between 5 boxes is

There will be bananas in each box. Use 30 counters.



a) Share the counters between 2 friends.

How many counters does each friend get?

b) Share the counters between 5 friends.

How many counters does each friend get?

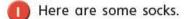
c) Share the counters between 10 friends.

How many counters does each friend get?





Make equal groups – grouping







b) Complete the sentences.

There are	socks altogether.
There are	socks in each pair.
There are	pairs of socks.

Here are some counters.

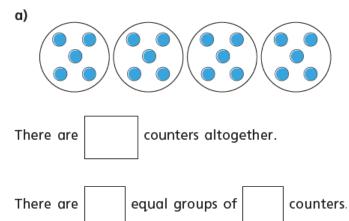


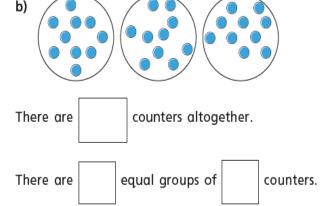
a) Circle groups of 2

b) Complete the sentences.

There are	counters altogether.
There are	equal groups of 2 counters

3 Complete the sentences.





Use 30 counters.

a)	How many equal groups of 2 can	
	you make?	

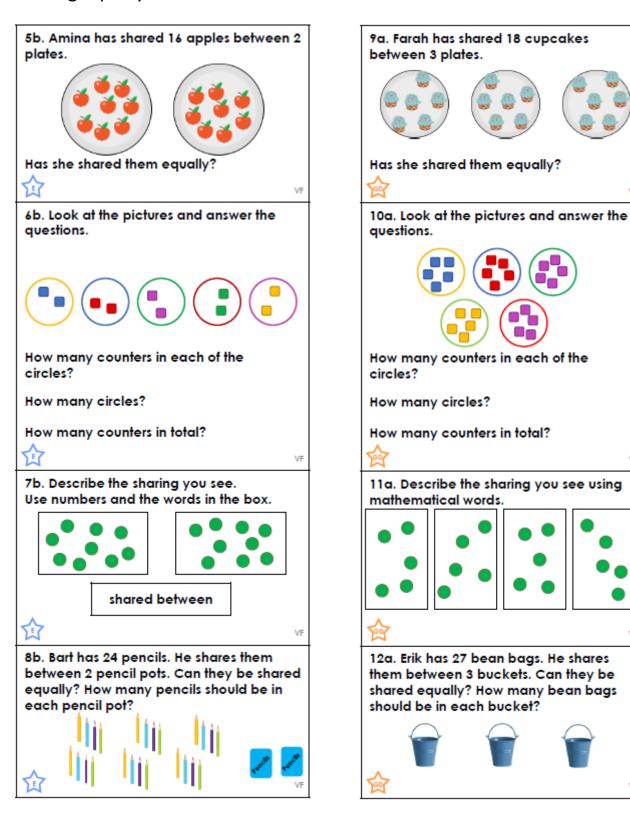
b)	How many equal groups of 5 can	
	you make?	

c)	How many equal groups of 10 can	
	you make?	

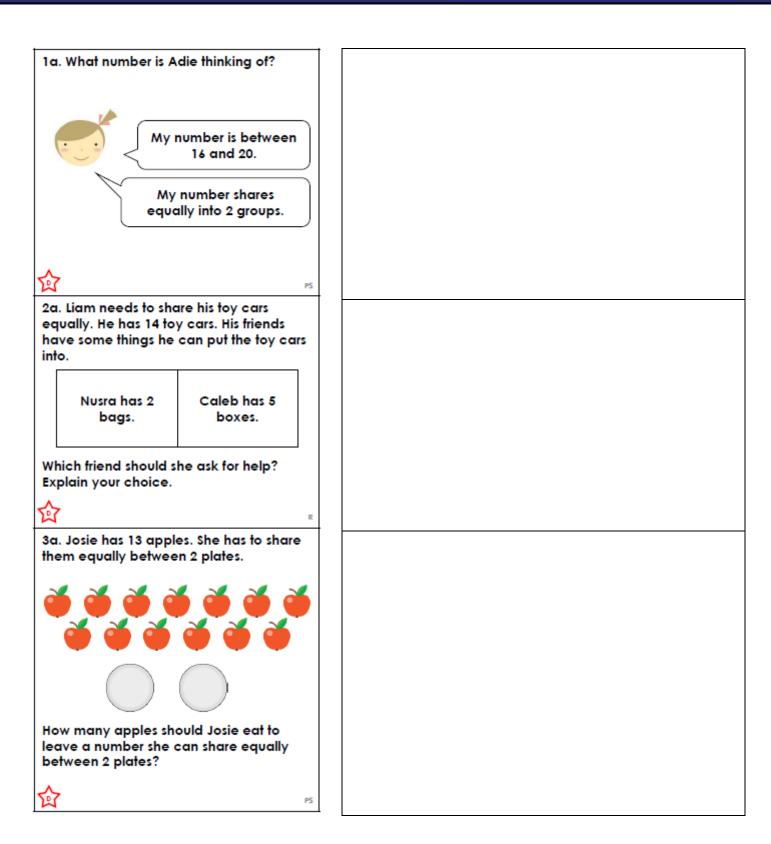
Talk about your answers.



Sharing equally











Weekly Spellings

The spelling focus this week – words with the *ir ur er* sound and common exception words.

Spellings	Cover and write	Cover and write
fur		
teacher		
nurse		
first		
faster		
bird		
into		
some		



SPELLING MENU

ABC Order

BE

Write all of your spelling words in alphabetical (ABC) order.

2. Word Parts

Write your words. Then use a coloured pencil to divide the words into syllables. e.g. jumping caterpillar

3. Other Handed

Write each word 5 times, switching the hand you write it with each time. Say the word as you spell it.

4. Vowel Spotlight

Write your words using one colour for the vowels and another colour for the consonants.

(vowets: a, e, i, o, u)

5. Use Technology

Type out your spelling words on the computer. Try to use at least 4 different fonts.



6. Pyramid Words

s spe spel spell spellin spelling (or make them boat shaped, star, smiley face, etc.)

7."Ransom" Words

"Write" your words by cutting letters out of a newspaper or magazine and gluing the letters on a piece of paper to spell your words.



8. Rainbow Words

Write your spelling words with coloured pencils. Make each letter a different colour.



9. Scrambled Words

Write your words. Then write them again with the letters mixed up. Can you unscramble them again the next day?

e.g. watch - cwhta

10. Silly Sentences

Write 3 or more sentences that use all your spelling words.

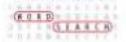


11. Prefixes and Suffixes

Underline the prefixes and suffixes in the words you are learning. Make sure you know what they mean. e.g. <u>important</u> happiness

12. Word Search

Create your own word search with your spellings. Show the answers to your puzzle in a different colour.



Flashcards

Make and practice with flashcards.



flashcards. Put the word on one side and definition (meaning) on the other.

14. Picture & a Story

Draw a picture defining each word. Write a sentence about your picture using the word.

15. Words without Vowels

Write all of your words replacing vowels with a line. Go back and see if you can fill in the vowels. e.g. q--st--n = question

16. Train Words

Write the entire list end-to-end as one long word, Write each new word in a different colour. e.g. trainbackstop

Write a Story, Poem or Song with Words

Write a story using all your spelling words. Underline the words you used.

18. Bubble Letters

Write your spelling words out in bubble writing.



19. Words Within Words

Write each spelling word and then write at least 2 words made from that word. e.g. catch - cat, hat

20. Picture words

Draw a picture and hide your spelling words in the picture.



Optional phonics: Label the pictures using this week's phonic sounds.







_ __ __



_ _ _ _





Optional phonics: Label the pictures using this week's phonic sounds.

er	ir	ur
-WHEK		
3		
Z.		
ñ		
		WHY.





Optional Common Exception Words: read, find and colour:

into

some

Other common exception words

the into put to said your was some some he into his the put some your was some some his the into said your to some was into the into to your he was some







English

These useful reminders will help you with your writing this week.



see

knee

- 1. A poem is a piece of writing that uses imaginative words to share an idea, emotion or story.
- 2. Rhyming words end in the same sound.

3. Onomatopoeia is when a word names a sound but also sounds like the sound.



bee

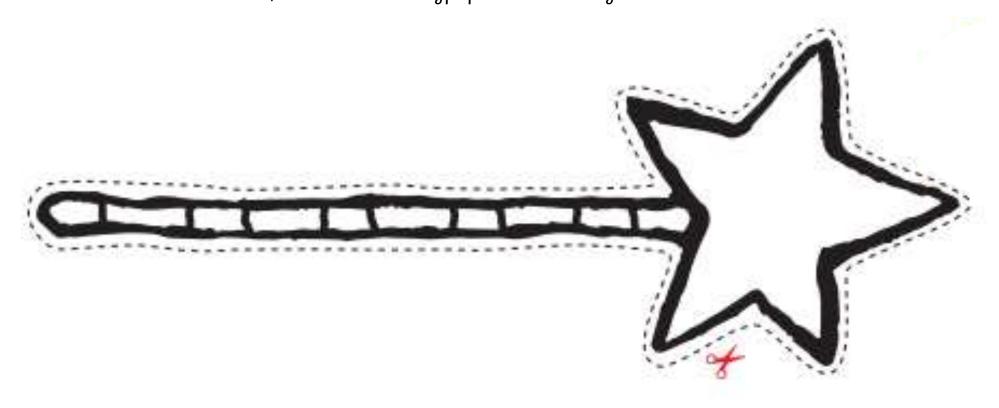
three





English: Pre-learning task. Make a wand!

- 1. Colour in the wand.
- 2. Cut out the wand.
- 3. Stick wand onto card, a straw or a lollypop stick to strengthen.





English - Lesson 1. Can you read along?

The Magic Wand

Once I had a magic wand.

Of it I was so very fond.

First, I saw a wooden log.

Boom! It turned into a frog.

Next, I saw some smelly muck. Whoosh! It turned into a duck.

Next, I saw a rubbish heap.
Wham! It turned into a sheep.

Finally, I saw a crossword.

Bam! It turned into a bird.

or

Next, I saw a hard crossword.

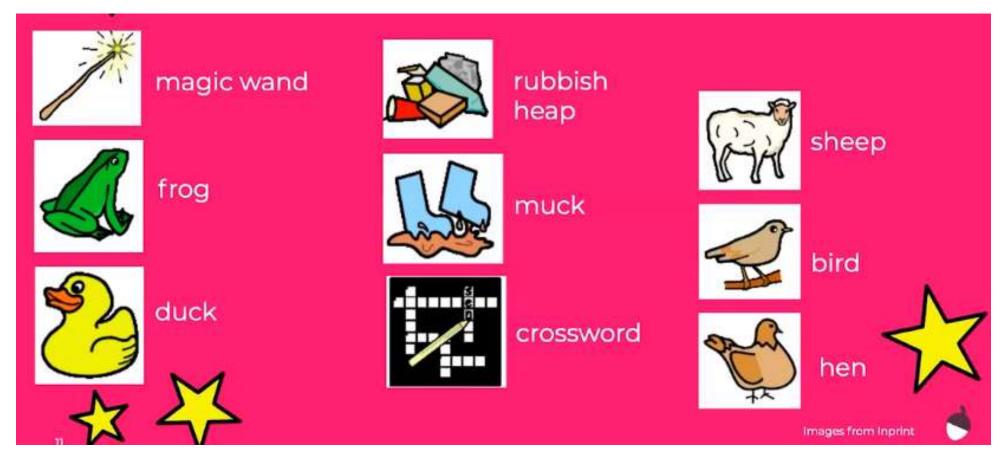
Bam! It turned into a bird.

Please note, the teacher reads two slightly different endings.





English – Star Words. Can you read them all?







English – Lesson 1. Read and comprehend.

1. What did the poet have?

The poet had_____

2. What did the smelly muck turn into? Tick the correct picture. Can you write it too?



The smelly muck turned into _____

3. What did the rubbish heap turn into? Tick the correct picture. Can you write it as a sentence too?









English - Lesson 2

Cat rhymes with

Identify the rhyming words.

identify the rhyming words.			
tin	top	dig	
dug	log	rock	
Dog rhym.	es with		
lit	mat	cup	
tub	full	rip	
Cat rhyme	es with		
money	thunder	house	
round	mound	moose	
Mouse rhymes with			
Challenge: Sheep rhymes with			
Dog rhymes with			
Bird rhym.	es with _		





English - Lesson 3

Circle or tick the words which are onomatopoeic:

bang	worm	drip	whoosh	rain	walk
crash	boom	cup	wham	crash .	run

Fill in the correct onomatopoeic words:

- _____ went the firework.
- 2. _____ went the tap.
- 3. _____ went the plate as it fell.

Crash Bang Cup Beep Run Drip Rat



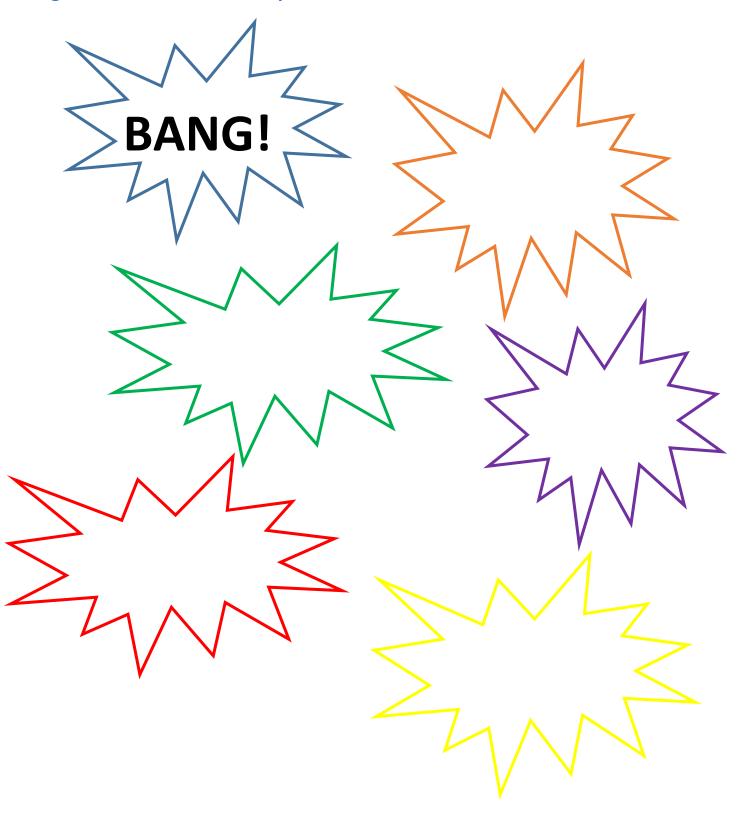


English – Lesson 4

Object	Onomatopoeia	Animal



English – Lesson 4 Onomatopoeic word mat





English - Lesson 5: Write your poem.







Punctuation Power!

m	Spaces between words
Α	Capital letters at the beginning of a sentence, for names of people, places, days of the week and 'I' (me)
	A full stop at the end of a sentence
1	Exclamation marks for surprise
?	Question marks for guestions

Joining Ideas

and

fish and chips

bat and ball

Tim and Sam

I love football **and** I love school.

twinkl visit twinkl.com

Writing Mat Expected Year 1

Supe	r Spellings	I need to	know some	of these:
α	go	me	push	they
are	has	my	said	to
ask	he	no	says	today
be	here	of	school	was
by	his	one	she	we
come	house	once	so	were
do	I	our	some	where
friend	is	pull	the	you
full	love	put	there	your

	Days of t	he week	
Monday	Tues	day	Wednesday
Thursday	Friday	Saturda	y Sunday

More than One!

Use -s and -es to make plurals.

three bears



some dishes



Fantastic Phonics

Say the word.

Split it into phonemes.

Write the graphemes.

Use your phonics knowledge to spell words.

Read and write these:

j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng ai ee igh oa oo ar or ur ow oi ear air ure er

ay ou ie ea oy ir ue aw wh ph ew oe au ey a-e e-e i-e o-e u-e

Super Suffixes

Use -ing, -ed and -er to make new words.

playing	played	player
helping	helped	helper

Top Tips

Say your whole sentence out loud first.

Read it back to check that it makes sense and make changes.





Phonics answers:

er		ir		ur	
WHE I	fern		dirt		fur
	herb		skirt	DO	curl
R.	runner		shirt	**	surf
Ä	person		bird		church
	tower		stir	8	turnip
	ladder		third		burn



f <u>ur</u>



t <u>ea</u> <u>ch</u> <u>er</u>



n <u>ur se</u>



b <u>ir</u> d



fast<u>er</u>

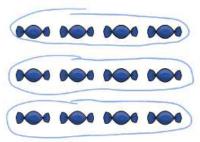




Maths - Lesson 1 answers

Make arrays

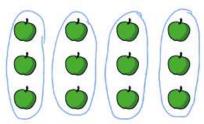
Circle each row of sweets.



How many rows are there?

There are 3 rows.

Circle each column of apples.



How many columns are there?

There are Columns.

Make this array.



Complete the sentences.

a) There are 5 counters in each row.

There are 2 rows.

There are counters altogether.

b) There are 2 counters in each column.

There are 5 columns.

There are | | counters altogether.

Make your own array.

How many rows are there?

How many columns are there?



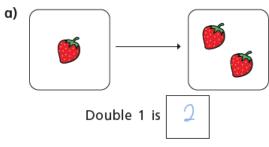


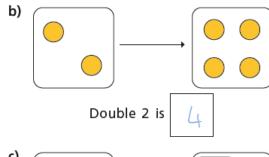
Maths – Lesson 2 answers

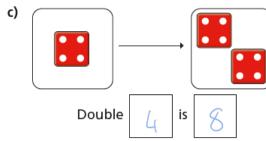
Make doubles

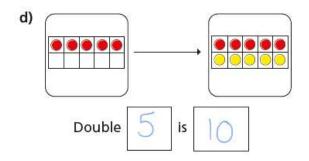
Omplete the sentences.

Use the pictures to help you.

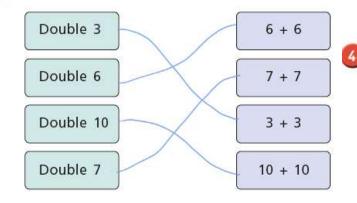








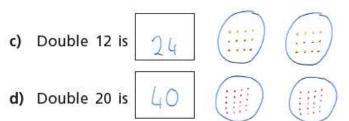
Match the doubles to the additions.



Fill in the gaps.

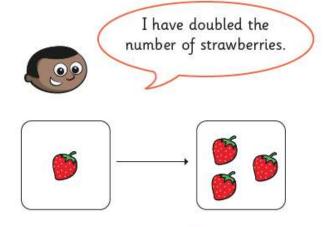


b) Double 11 is 22 (:::::)





f) Double 8 is 16



Do you agree with Mo?_____

Talk about it with a partner.

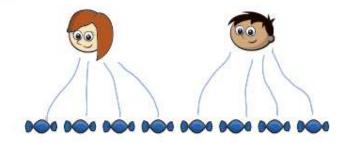




Maths - Lesson 3 answers

Make equal groups - sharing

Rosie and Amir are sharing some sweets.

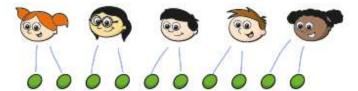


- a) Draw lines to share the sweets equally.
- b) How many sweets does each child get?

Each child gets 4 sweets.

8 sweets shared equally between 2 is

Five children share some grapes.



- a) Draw lines to share the grapes equally.
- b) How many grapes does each child get?

 Each child gets grapes.

10 grapes shared equally between 5 is



Ron needs to share 20 bananas between 5 boxes.



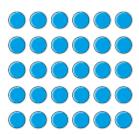
How many bananas will there be in each box?

20 bananas shared between 5 boxes is



There will be bananas in each box.

Use 30 counters.



- a) Share the counters between 2 friends. How many counters does each friend get?
- b) Share the counters between 5 friends.

 How many counters does each
 friend get?
- c) Share the counters between 10 friends.

 How many counters does each friend get?

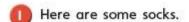




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Maths - Lesson 4 answers

Make equal groups - grouping





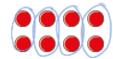
- a) Draw lines to match the pairs of socks.
- b) Complete the sentences.

There are 2 socks altogether.

There are 2 socks in each pair.

There are 6 pairs of socks.

Here are some counters.

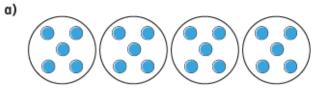


- a) Circle groups of 2
- b) Complete the sentences.

There are 8 counters altogether.

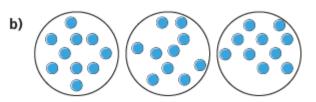
There are | equal groups of 2 counters.

Complete the sentences.



There are 20 counters altogether.

There are 4 equal groups of 5 counters.



There are 30 counters altogether.

There are 3 equal groups of 10 counters.

- Use 30 counters.
 - a) How many equal groups of 2 can you make?
 - b) How many equal groups of 5 can you make?
 - c) How many equal groups of 10 can you make?

Talk about your answers.



Maths – Lesson 5 answers

5b. Yes

6b. 2 counters in each circle. 5 circles. 10 counters in total.

7b. 18 shared between 2 equals 9.

8b. Yes, 12 pencils should go in each pencil pot.

9a. Yes

10a. 5 counters in each circle. 5 circles. 25 counters in total.

11a. 20 shared between 4 equals 5.

12a. Yes, 9 bean bags should be in each bucket.

1a. Adie is thinking of the number 18.

2a. Nusra. 14 shared between 2 is 7. 14 would not share equally between 5.

3a. Josie should eat 1 apple.





English – Lesson 1. Read and comprehend.

1. What did the poet have?

The poet had <u>a wand</u>.

2. What did the smelly muck turn into? Tick the correct picture. Can you write it too?



The smelly muck turned into <u>a duck</u>.

3. What did the rubbish heap turn into? Tick the correct picture. Can you write it as a sentence too?



The rubbish heap turned into a sheep.



English - Lesson 2

Identify the rhyming words.



Dog rhymes with ___ log.

lit mat cup tub full rip

Cat rhymes with __mat.

money	thunder	house
round	mound	moose

Mouse rhymes with __ house.



English - Lesson 3

Circle or tick the words which are onomatopoeic:



Fill in the correct onomatopoeic words:

1. Bang went the firework.

2. Drip went the tap.

3. Crash went the plate as it fell.